

Livelihoods

Food Security

Improvement of
access to **FOOD, income**
and **basic services**

Reduction
of **HUNGER** and
malnutrition rates



Agricultural production

Income generating activities



Market support



Improved conditions for rural and urban development



Indicators

Outcome

- 1) At the end of the programme plan period, the % of households in the programme area with a Food Consumption Score (FCS) >35 has increased from x% (baseline value) to y%, disaggregated by male and female headed households.
- 2) At the end of the programme plan period the % of household in the programme area with a reduced Coping Strategy Index (rCSI) score of more than x points has been reduced by y%, disaggregated by male and female headed households.
- 3) At the end of the programme plan period, the average food production in the programme area at household level in kg in terms of grain equivalent has increased from x to y.
- 4) At the end of the programme plan period, x% of households in the programme area have increased their cash spending on basic services (food, drinking water, primary health care and basic education) by y%, disaggregated by male and female headed households.

Impact

- 1) By programme closure date, the prevalence and duration of periods of acute malnutrition among children under 5 years of age, disaggregated by gender, and lactating women in the programme area has decreased.
- 2) By programme closure date, the index of productive and non-productive household assets in the programme area has increased to a predetermined level, disaggregated by male and female headed households.